

General Assembly of
the Japan Association for Earthquake engineering

SEISMIC PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS

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LECTURE TOPICS

- Technological developments
- Dual strategy of design
- Seismic design criteria
- Site-specific response spectra
- Design of time histories of ground motion
- Spectrum-compatible time histories
- Recorded time histories in near-field
- Multiple support time histories
- Performance evaluation
- Future improvements
- Aesthetics

Technological Advances (1950-2000)

- Digital Computers
- Numerical Methods
- Role of Inelastic Deformations
- Free-Field Ground Motions
- Design Detailing
- Modeling and Analysis
- Role of Statistical and Probabilistic Methods

Dual Strategy of Design

- Functional Evaluation Earthquake (FEE)
 - High probability of occurrence during lifetime
 - Perform without significant damage
- Safety Evaluation Earthquake (SEE)
 - Most sever event
 - Significant structural damage, no collapse
- Classifications
 - Important
 - Essential
 - Critical (Lifeline)

SEISMIC DESIGN CRITERIA

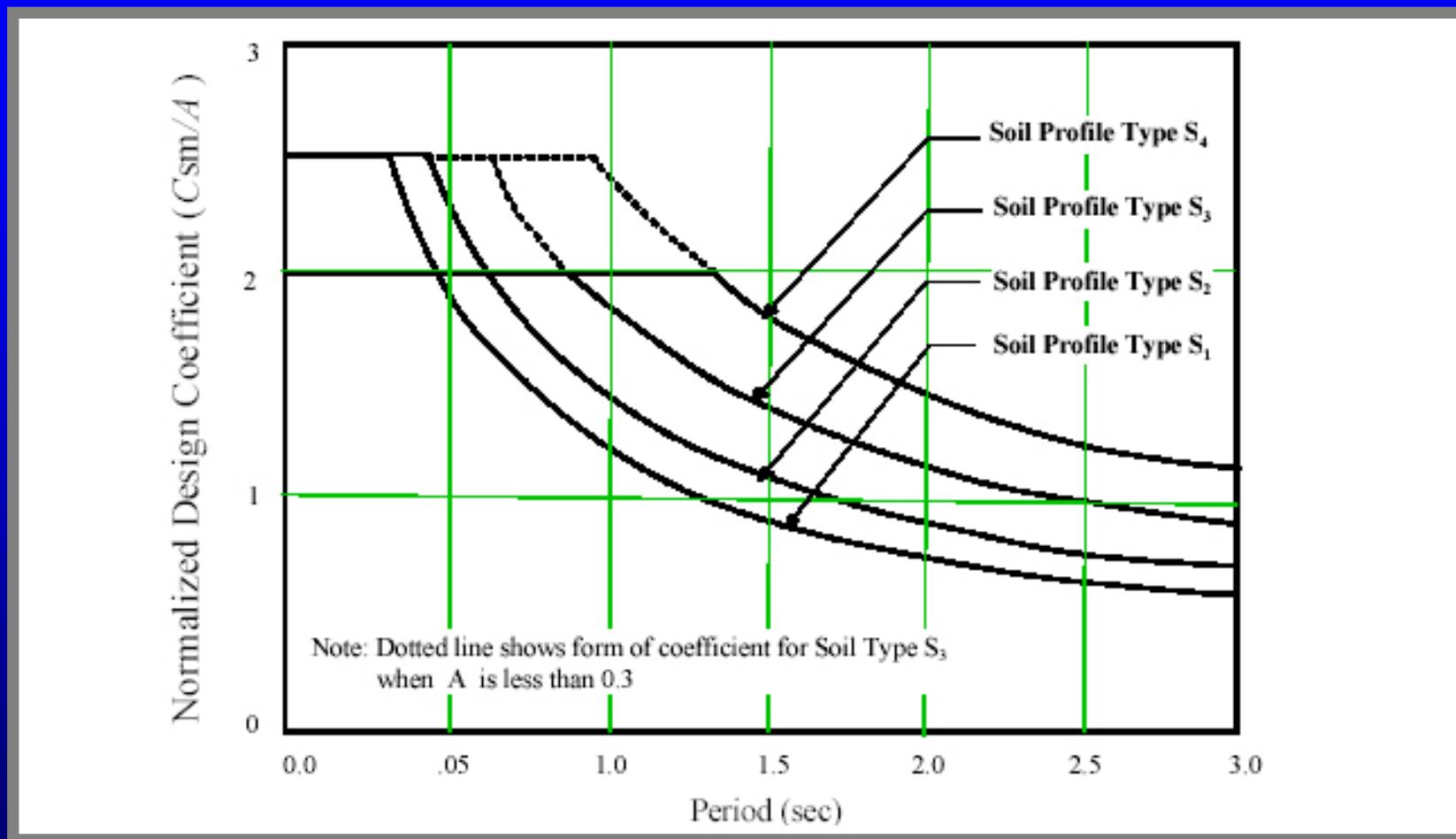
1. Design Ground Motions

- Response Spectra
- Time Histories

2. Structural Performance

- Global Response
- Local Response

CODE RESPONSE SPECTRA



Seismic response coefficients for various soil profiles, normalized with respect to acceleration coefficient “A” (Source: AASHTO LRFD, 1994)

SITE-SPECIFIC “ROCK-OUTCROP” MCE RESPONSE SPECTRA

1. Deterministic Approach

- Seismic sources
- Upper-bound magnitudes
- Source-to-site distances
- “Rock-outcrop” attenuation relations (B/C)
 - Abrahamson and Silva (1997)
 - Boore et al. (1997)
 - Campbell (1997, 2000)
 - Sadigh et al. (1993, 1997)
 - Idriss (1991, 1994, 1995)

SITE-SPECIFIC “ROCK-OUTCROP” MCE RESPONSE-SPECTRA (Cont’d)

- Directivity effects
 - Somerville et al.
- Target design response spectra
 - Median
 - Median + 1σ

SITE-SPECIFIC “ROCK-OUTCROP” MCE RESPONSE-SPECTRA (Cont’d)

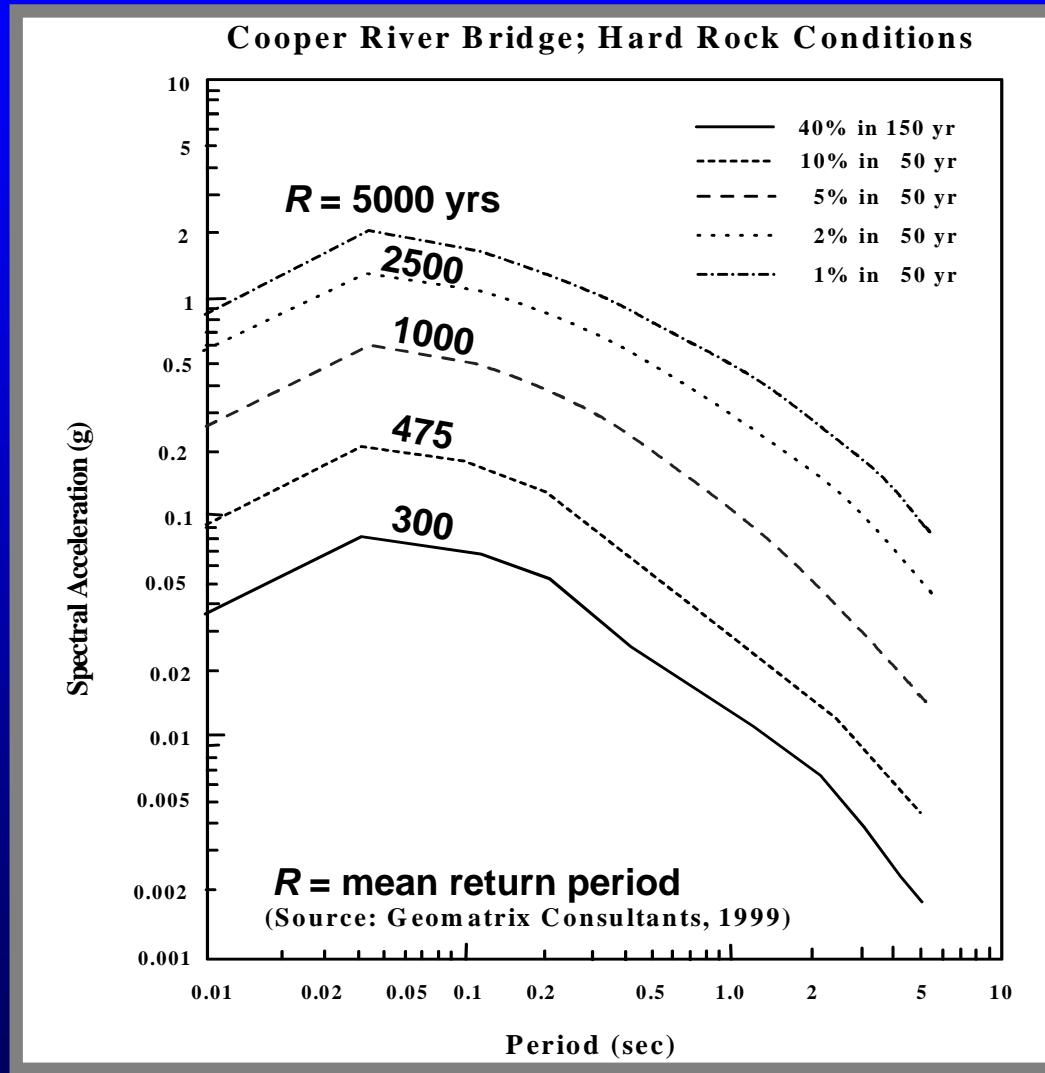
2. Probabilistic Approach (PSHA, SRA)

- Seismic sources
 - Fault specific
 - Areal sources
- Magnitude/recurrence relations
- Upper-bound magnitudes
- Source-to-site distances
- Attenuation relations (B/C)
 - Lognormal distribution
 - Median
 - Variance (σ^2)

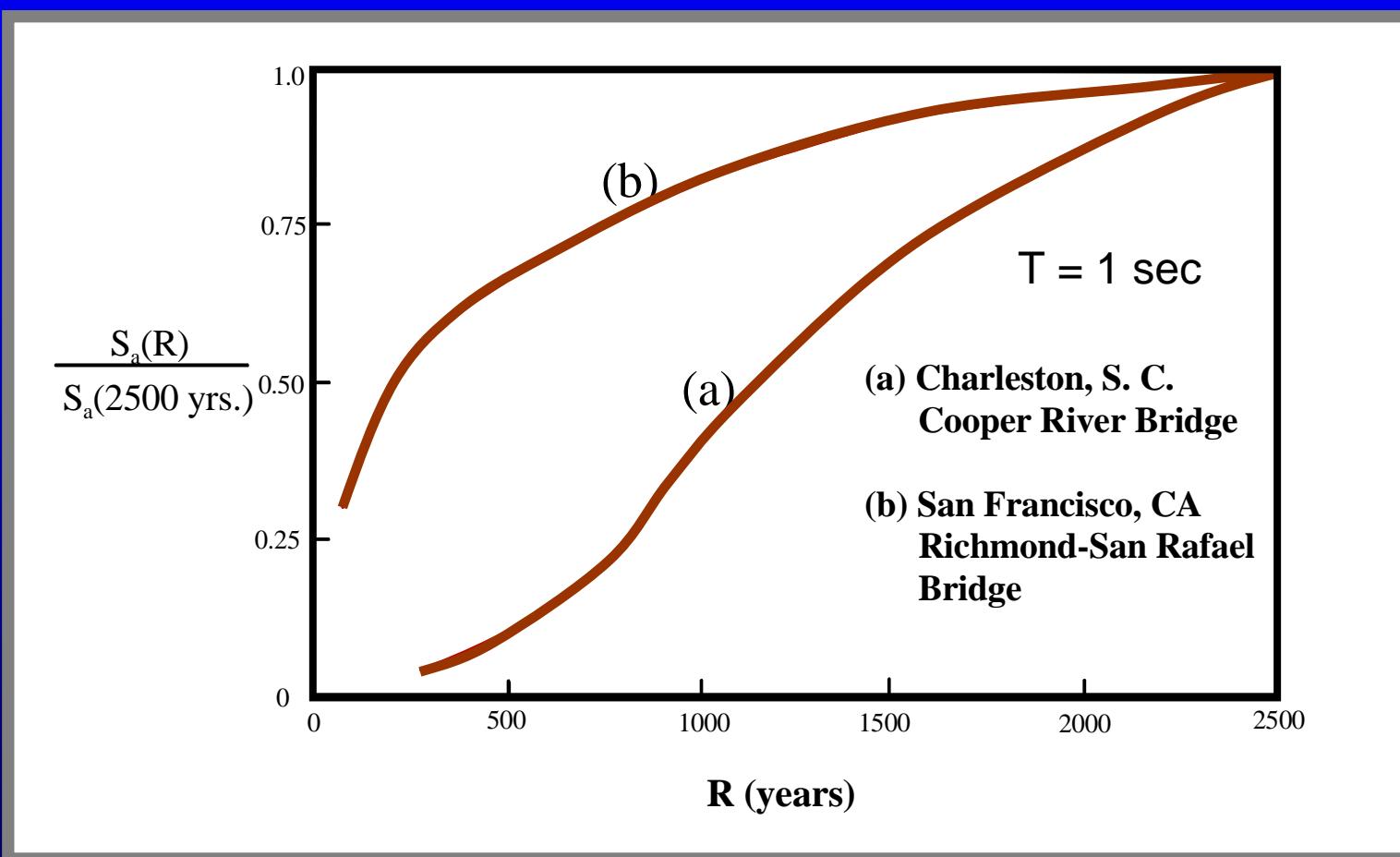
SITE-SPECIFIC “ROCK-OUTCROP” MCE RESPONSE-SPECTRA (Cont’d)

- Directivity effects
- Fault normal vs. fault parallel
- Uncertainties

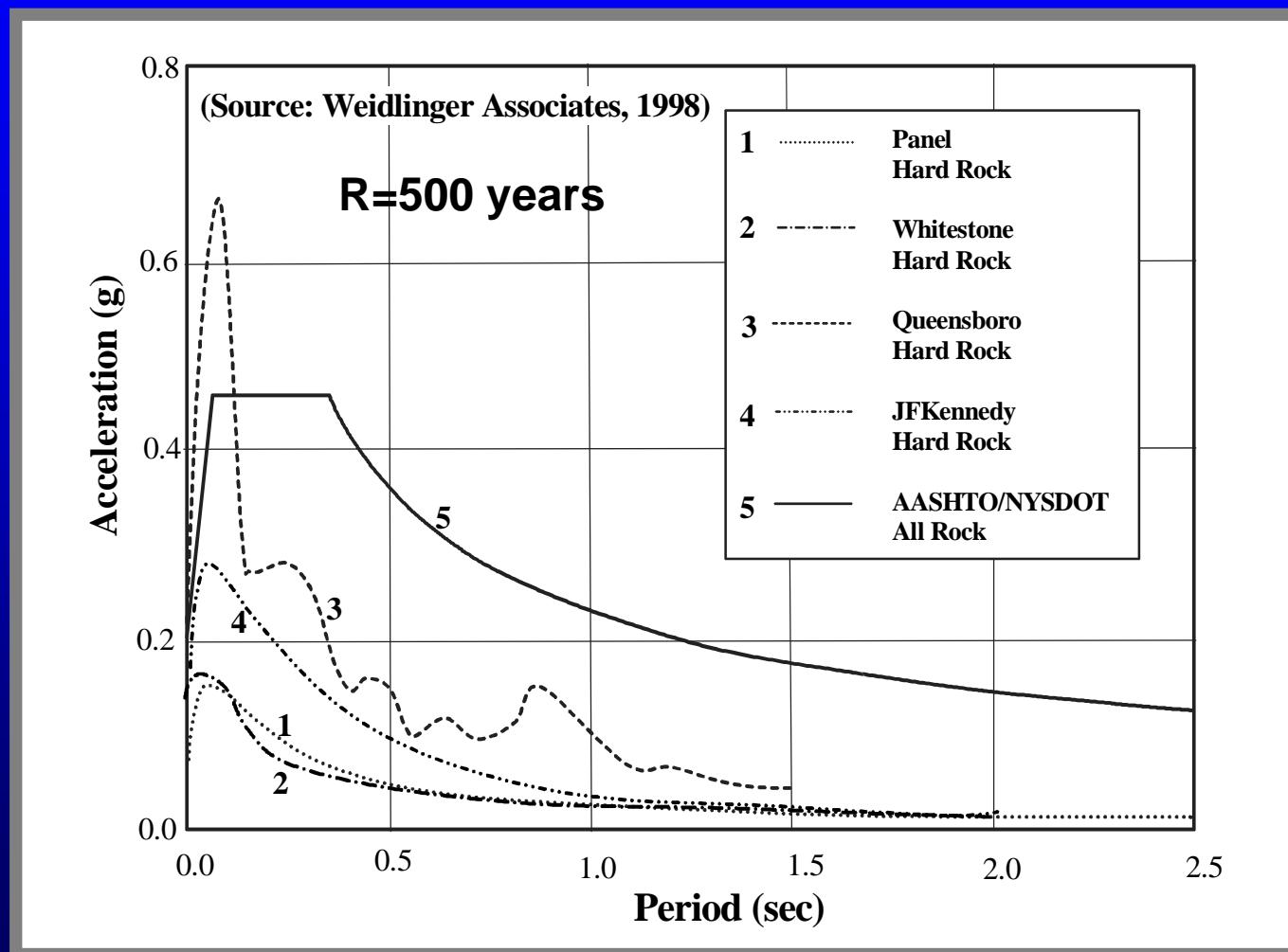
SITE-SPECIFIC RESPONSE SPECTRA BY PSHA



REGIONAL VARIATION OF PSHA RESPONSE SPECTRA



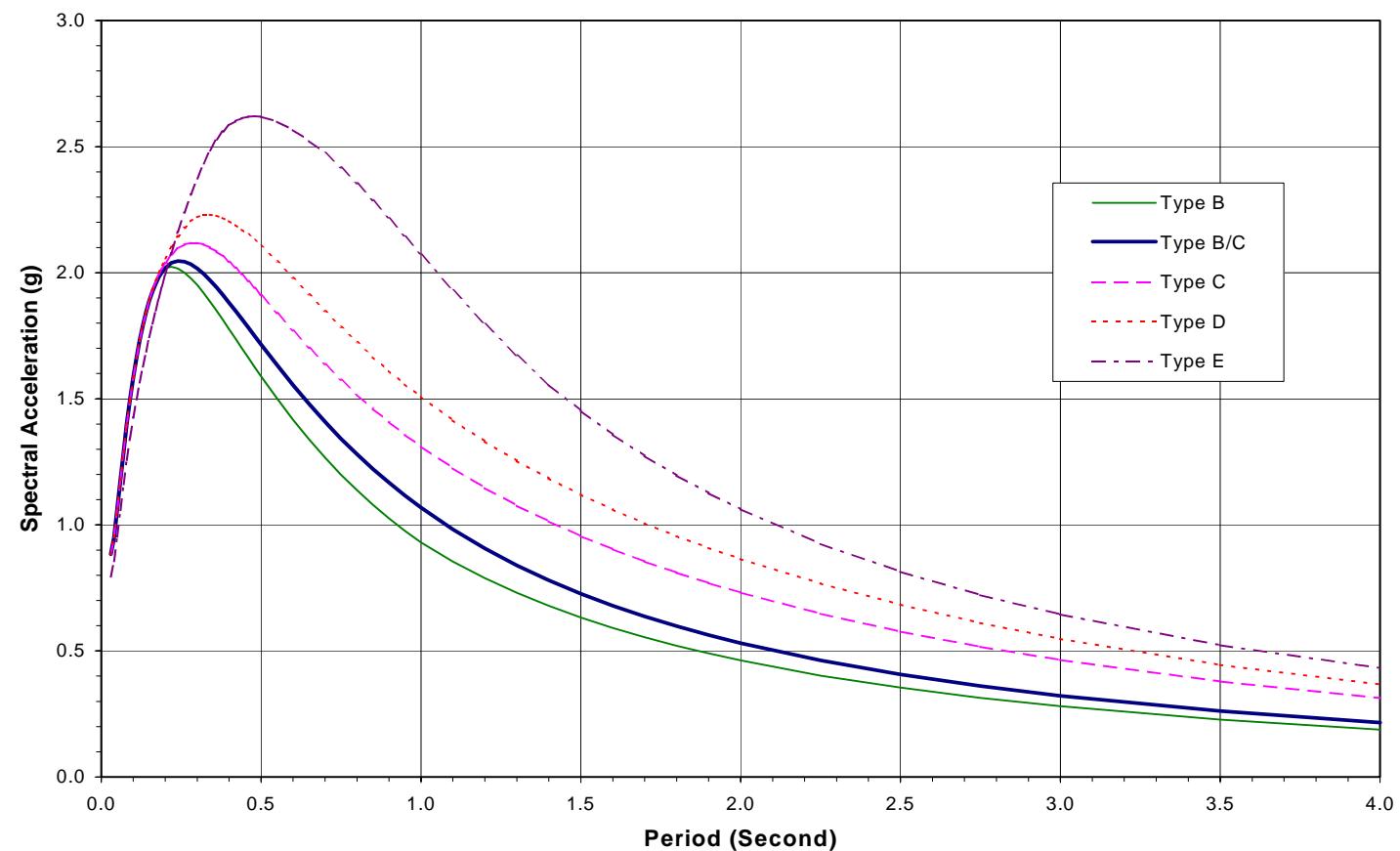
EPISTEMIC UNCERTAINTIES OF RESPONSE SPECTRA



SITE-SPECIFIC GROUND-SURFACE DESIGN SPECTRA

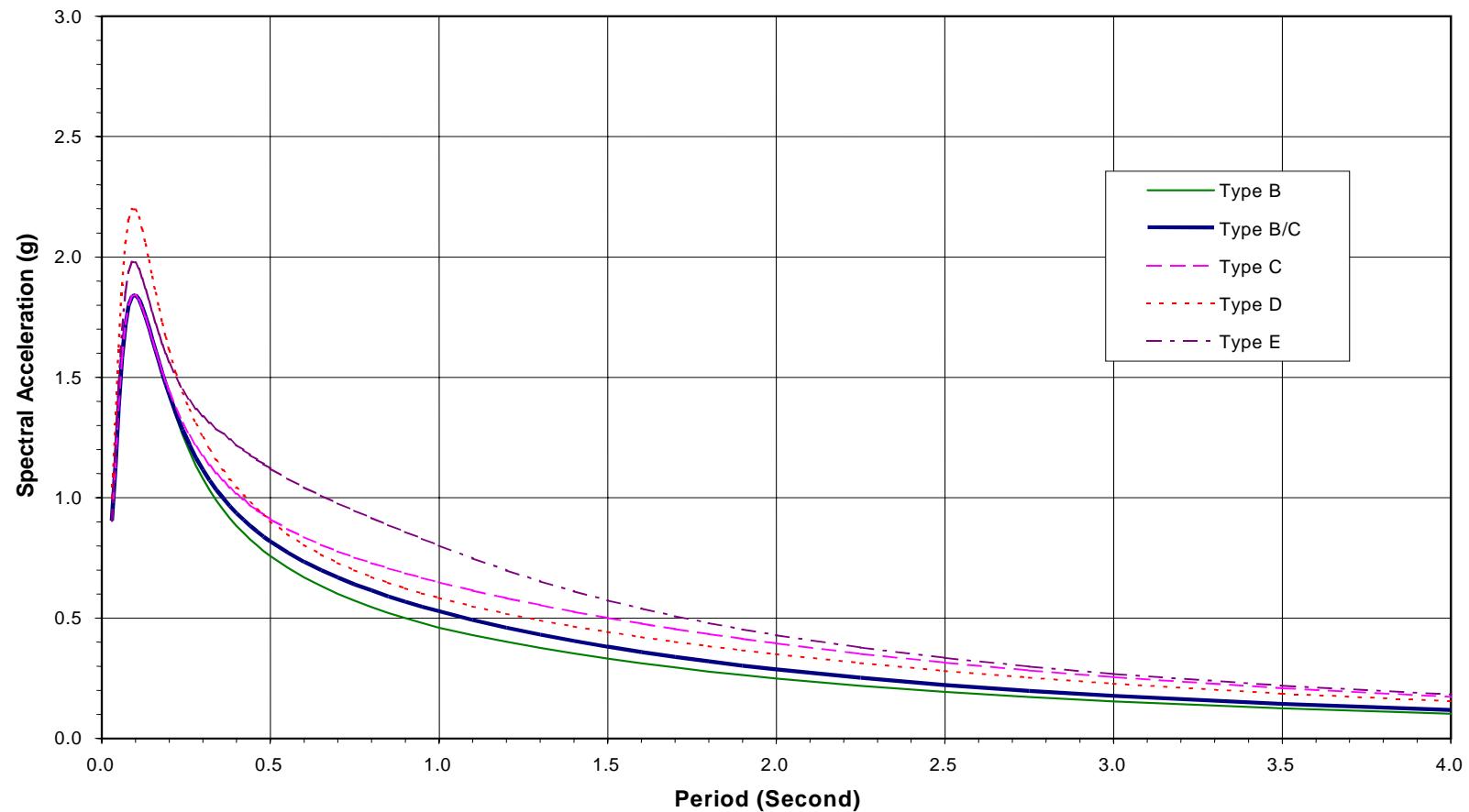
- Generate using soil attenuation relations directly
- Multiply “rock-outcrop” spectra by published site amplification factors
- Conduct site response analyses

Site-dependent Response Spectra Horizontal



Site-dependent Response Spectra

Vertical



DESIGN TIME-HISTORIES OF GROUND MOTION

- Specify **SEE UHRS**; x, y, z
- Select recorded “rock-outcrop” motions
- Modify to be response-spectrum-compatible

SPECTRUM-COMPATIBLE TIME HISTORIES

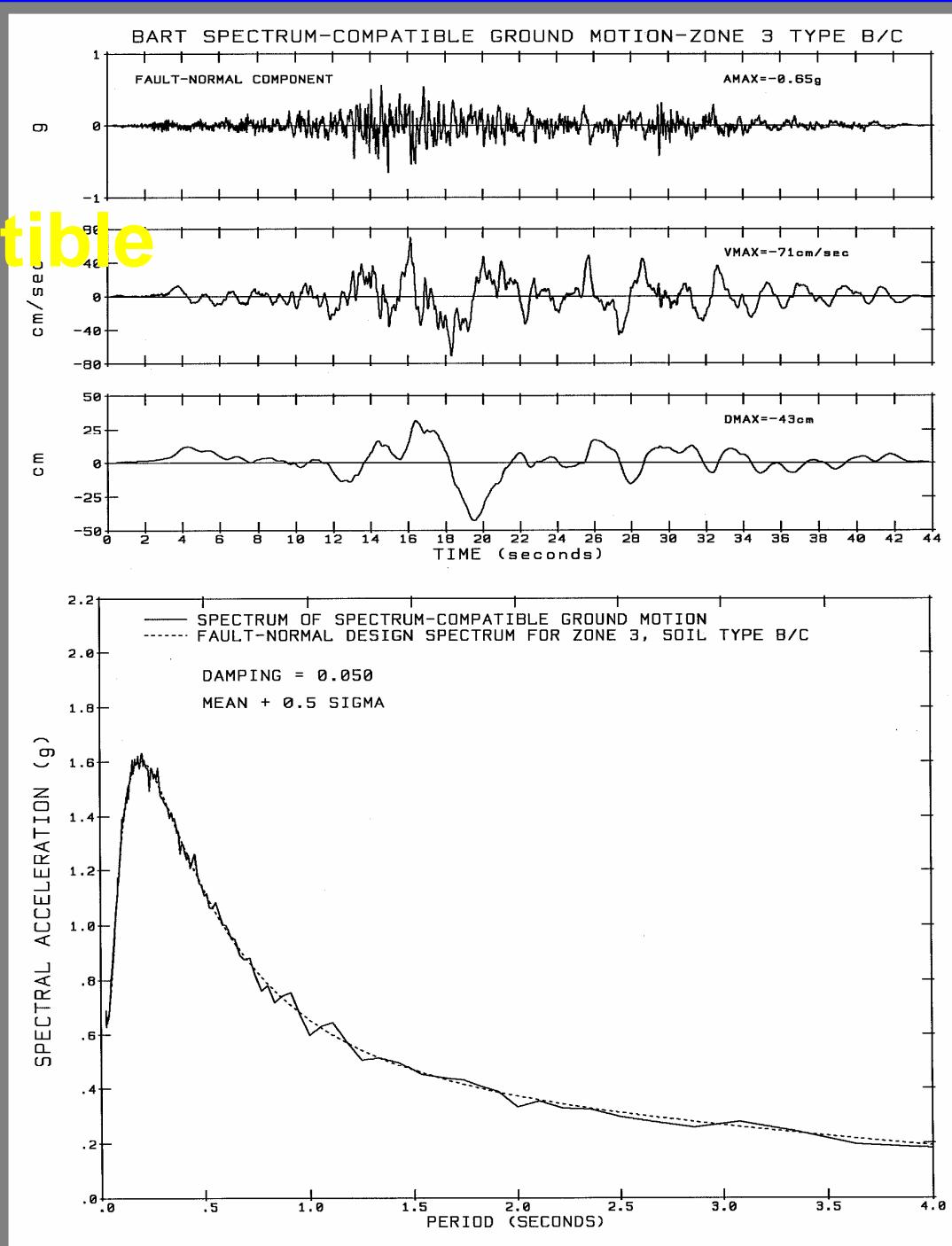
1. Frequency Domain

- Modify amplitudes
- Retain phase angles

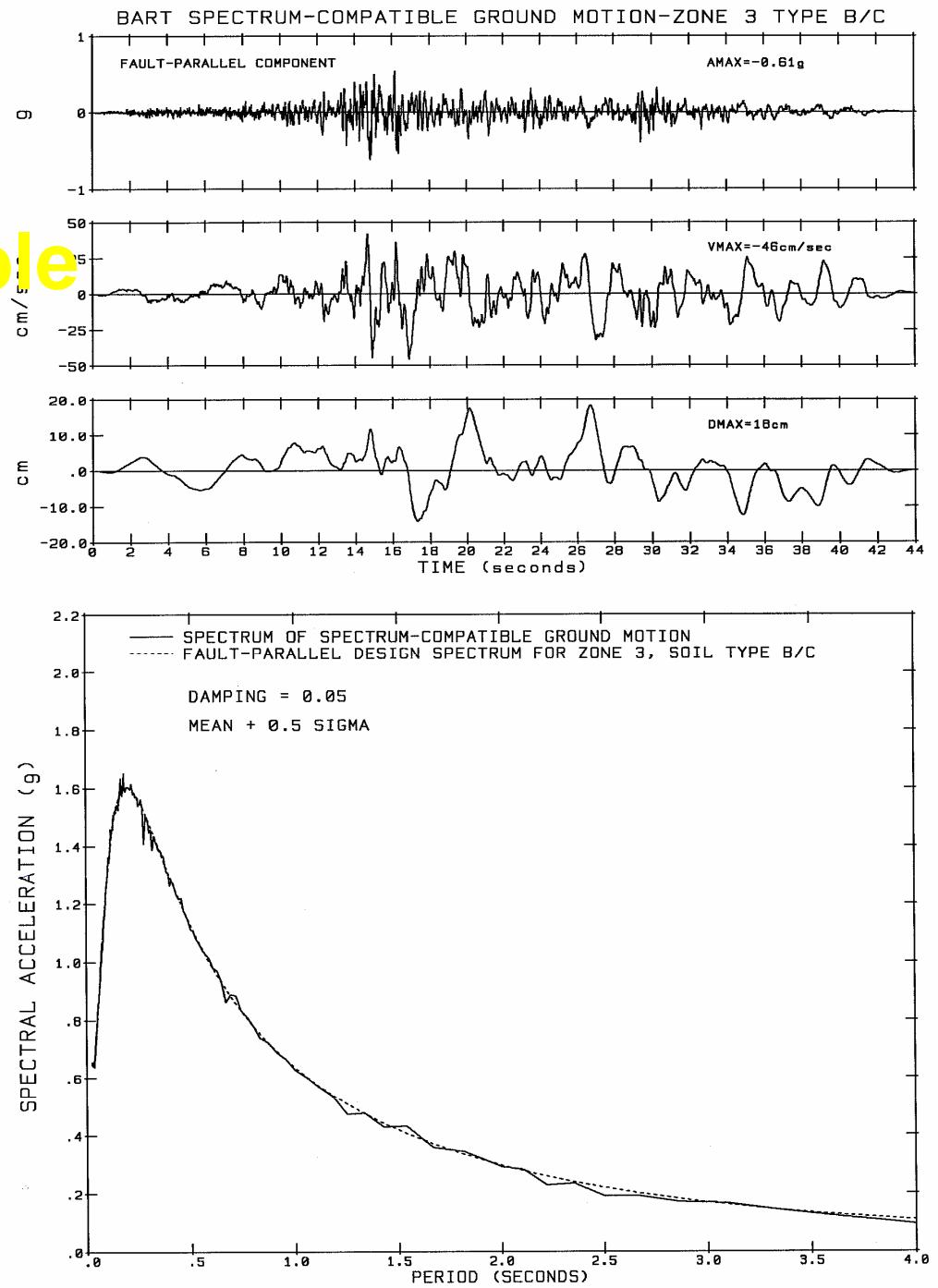
2. Time Domain

- Add local time-history adjustments at times of maximum response of oscillators of different frequencies
- Calculate changes in acceleration response spectral values
- Iterate to convergence

BART Design Spectrum-Compatible Motion



BART Design Spectrum-Compatible Motion

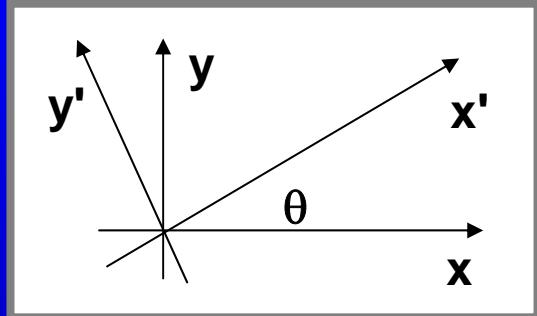


RECORDED TIME-HISTORIES IN NEAR FIELD

D < 10 km.

Recording Station	Earthquake
El Centro #6	Imperial Valley - 1979
Capitola	Loma Prieta - 1989
Joshua Tree	Landers - 1992
Yermo	Landers - 1992
Lucerne Valley	Landers - 1992

Transformation of 2-D Ground Motion



$$a_{x'}(t) = a_x(t)\cos\theta + a_y(t)\sin\theta$$

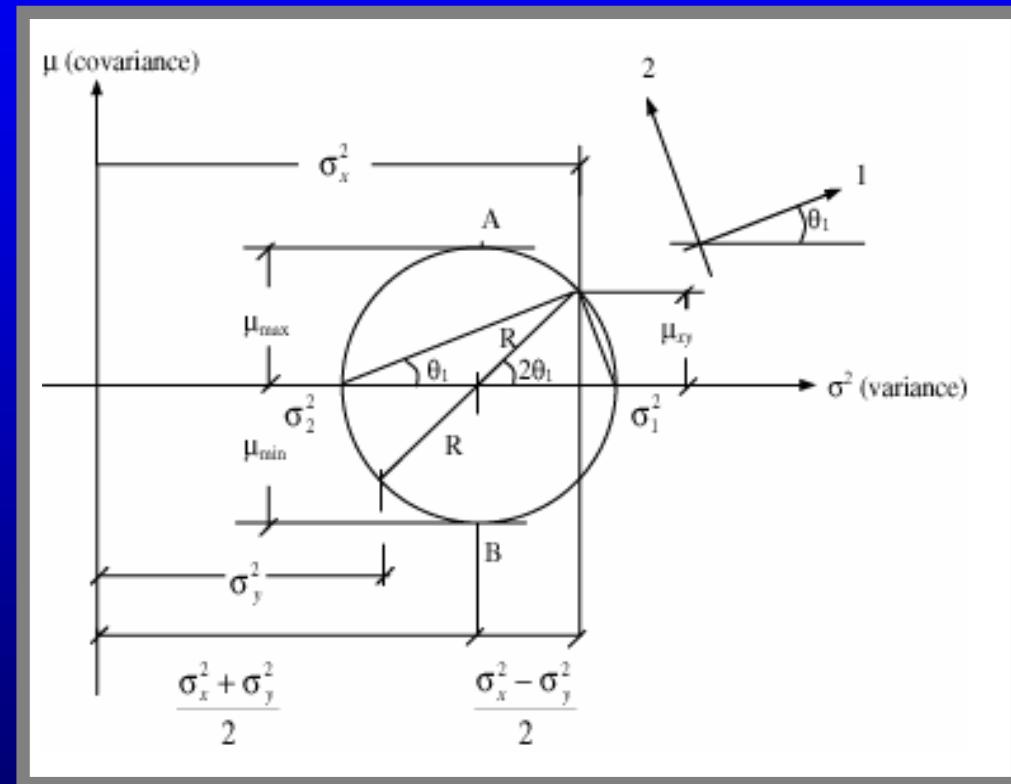
$$a_{y'}(t) = -a_x(t)\sin\theta + a_y(t)\cos\theta$$

$$\sigma_x^2 \equiv \frac{1}{t_d} \int_0^{t_d} [a_x(t) - \bar{a}_x(t)]^2 dt$$

$$\sigma_y^2 \equiv \frac{1}{t_d} \int_0^{t_d} [a_y(t) - \bar{a}_y(t)]^2 dt$$

$$\mu_{xy} \equiv \frac{1}{t_d} \int_0^{t_d} [a_x(t) - \bar{a}_x(t)][a_y(t) - \bar{a}_y(t)] dt$$

Principal Components of Motion

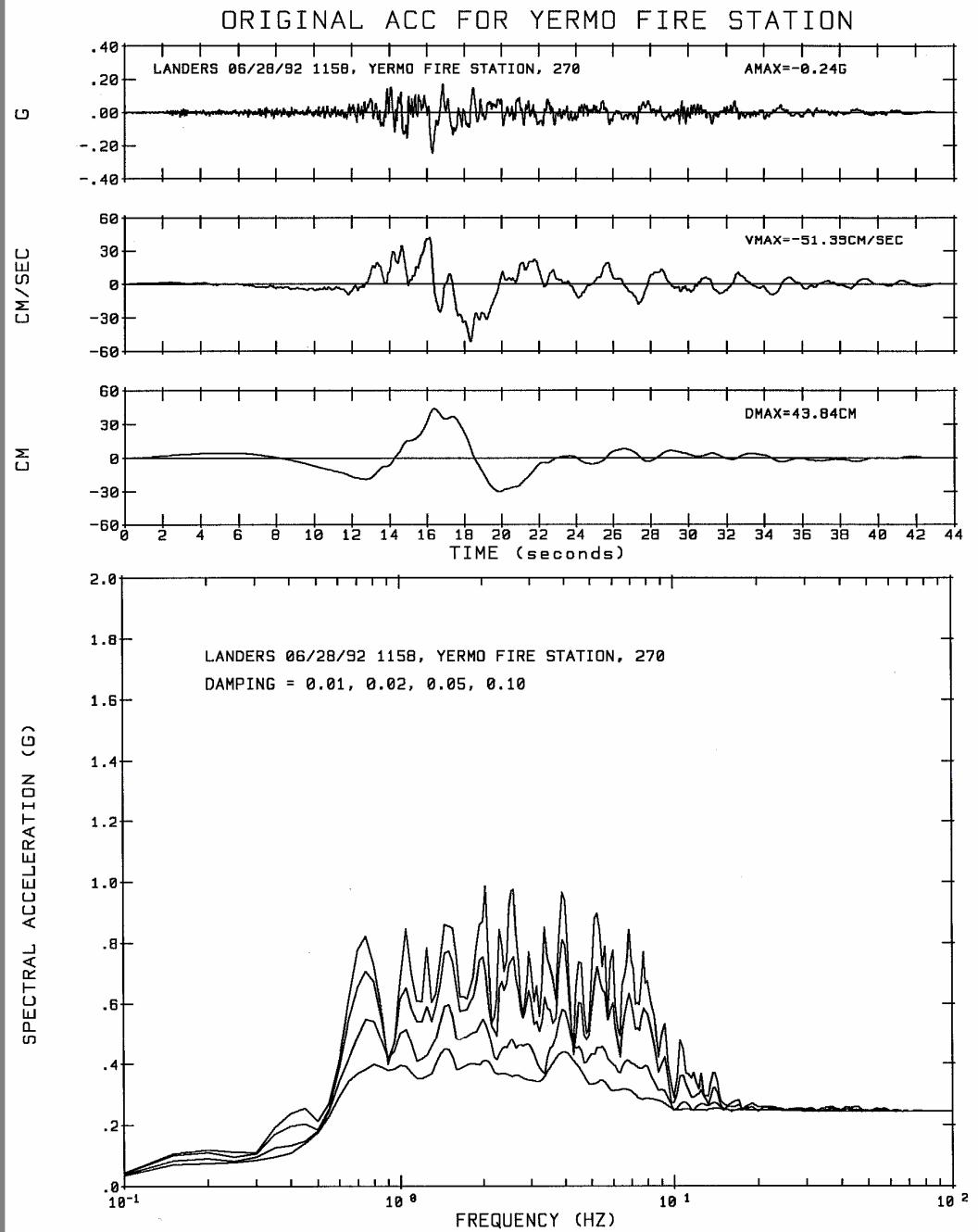


$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2}{2}\right)^2 + \mu_{xy}^2}^{1/2}$$

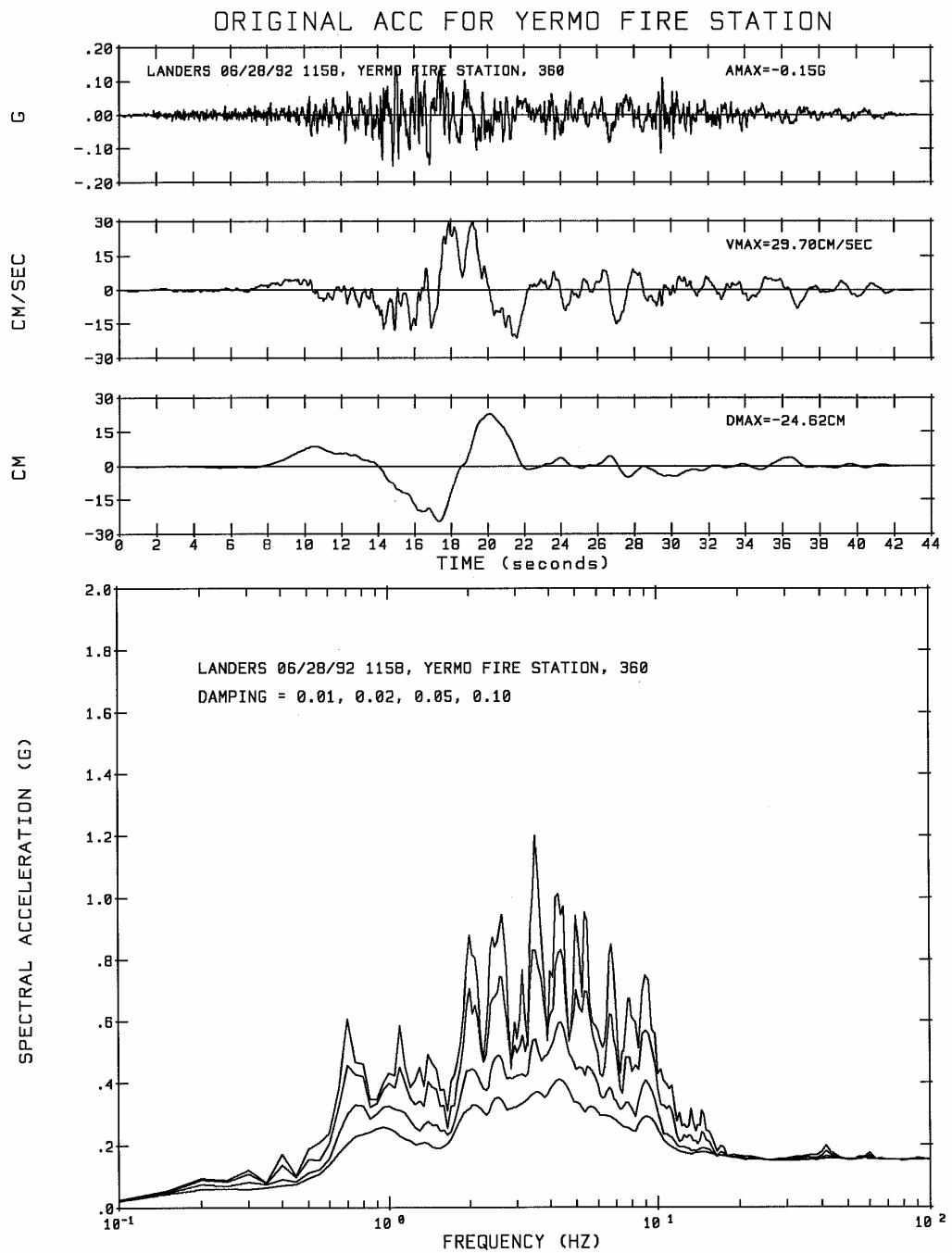
$$\mu_{\max} = \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2}{2}\right)^2 + \mu_{xy}^2}^{1/2}$$

$$\sigma_{1,2}^2 = \left(\frac{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2}{2}\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2}{2}\right)^2 + \mu_{xy}^2}^{1/2}$$

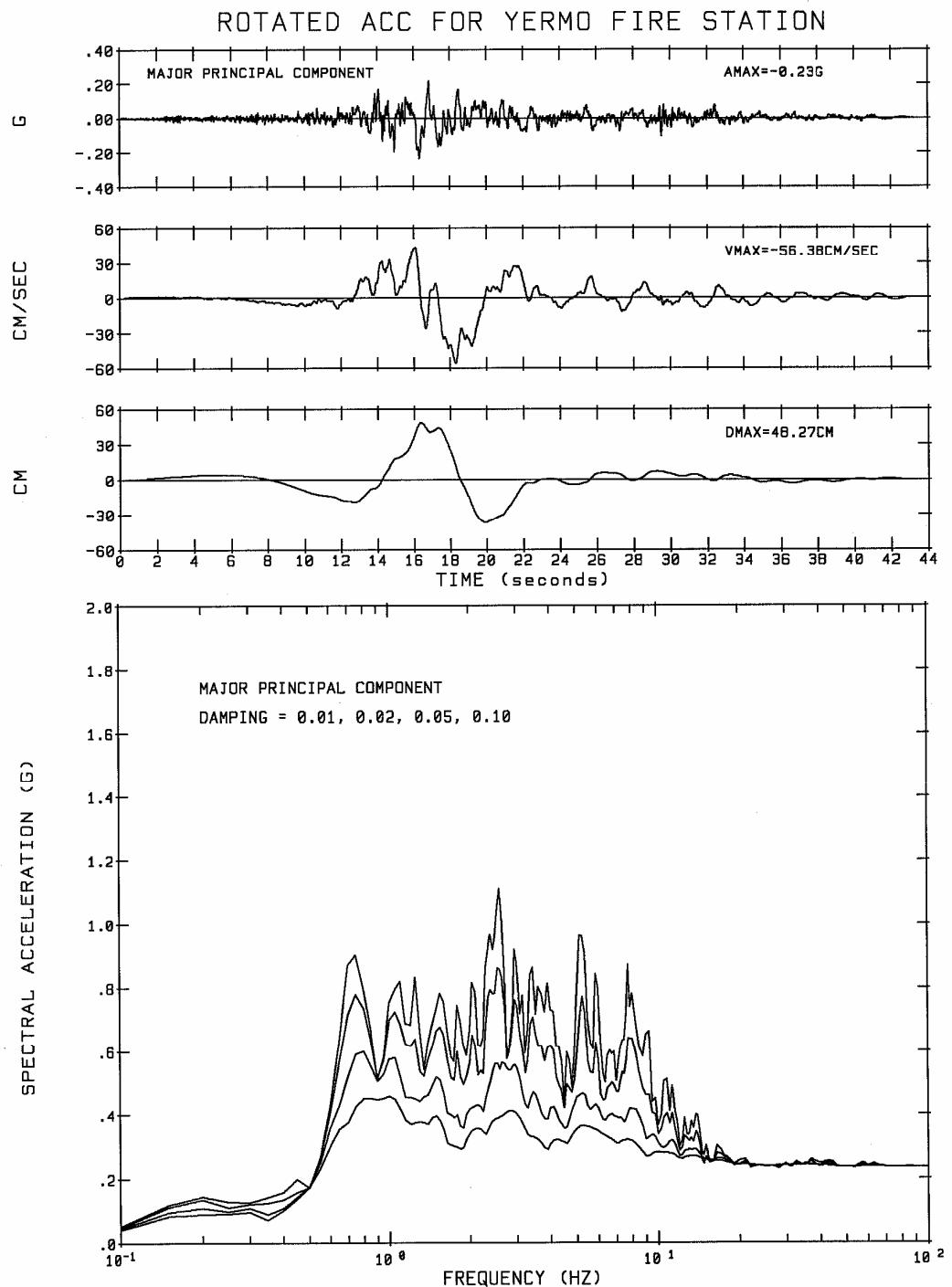
Original Record Yermo Fire Station 270 1992 Landers EQ



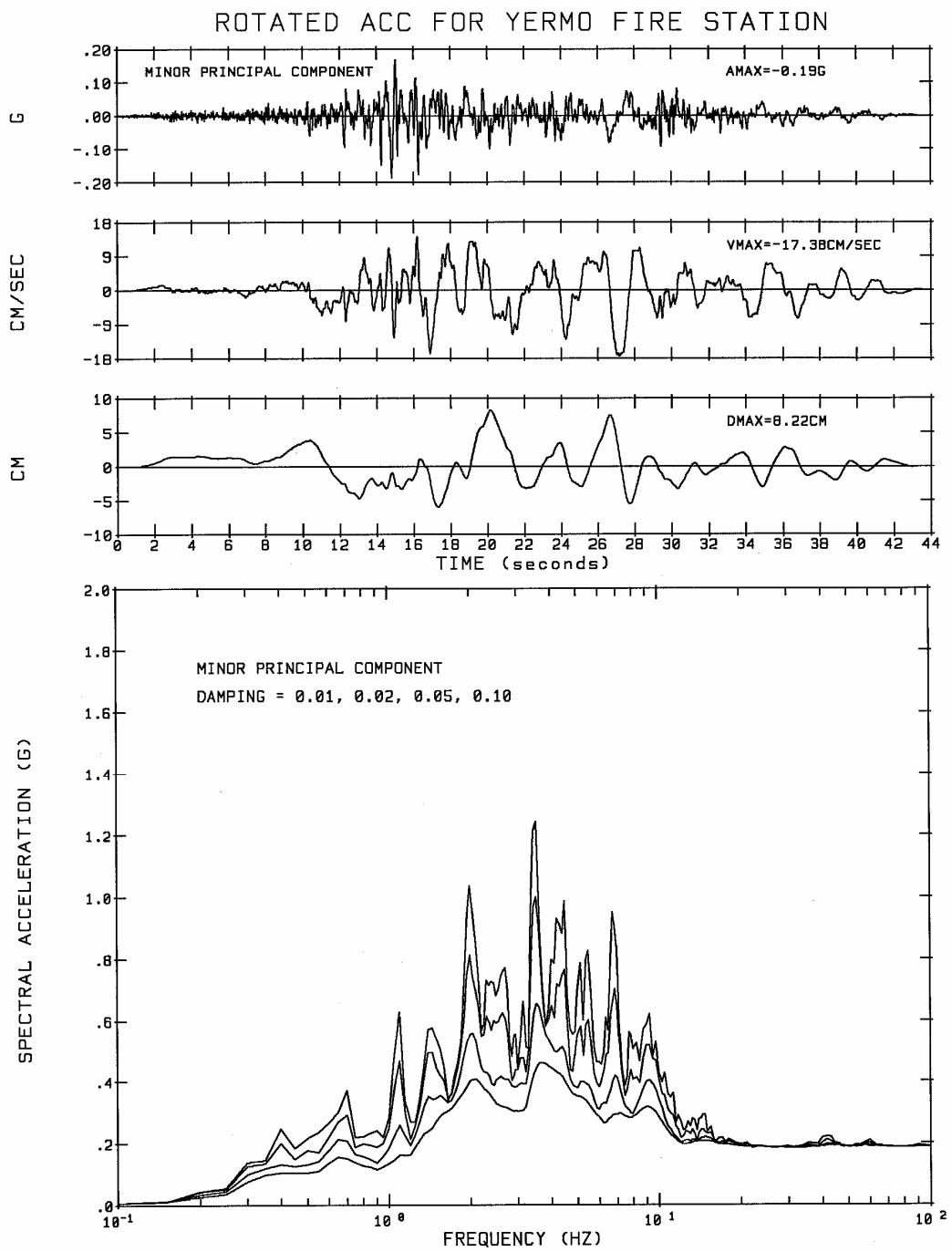
Original Record Yermo Fire Station 360 1992 Landers EQ



Major Principal Component



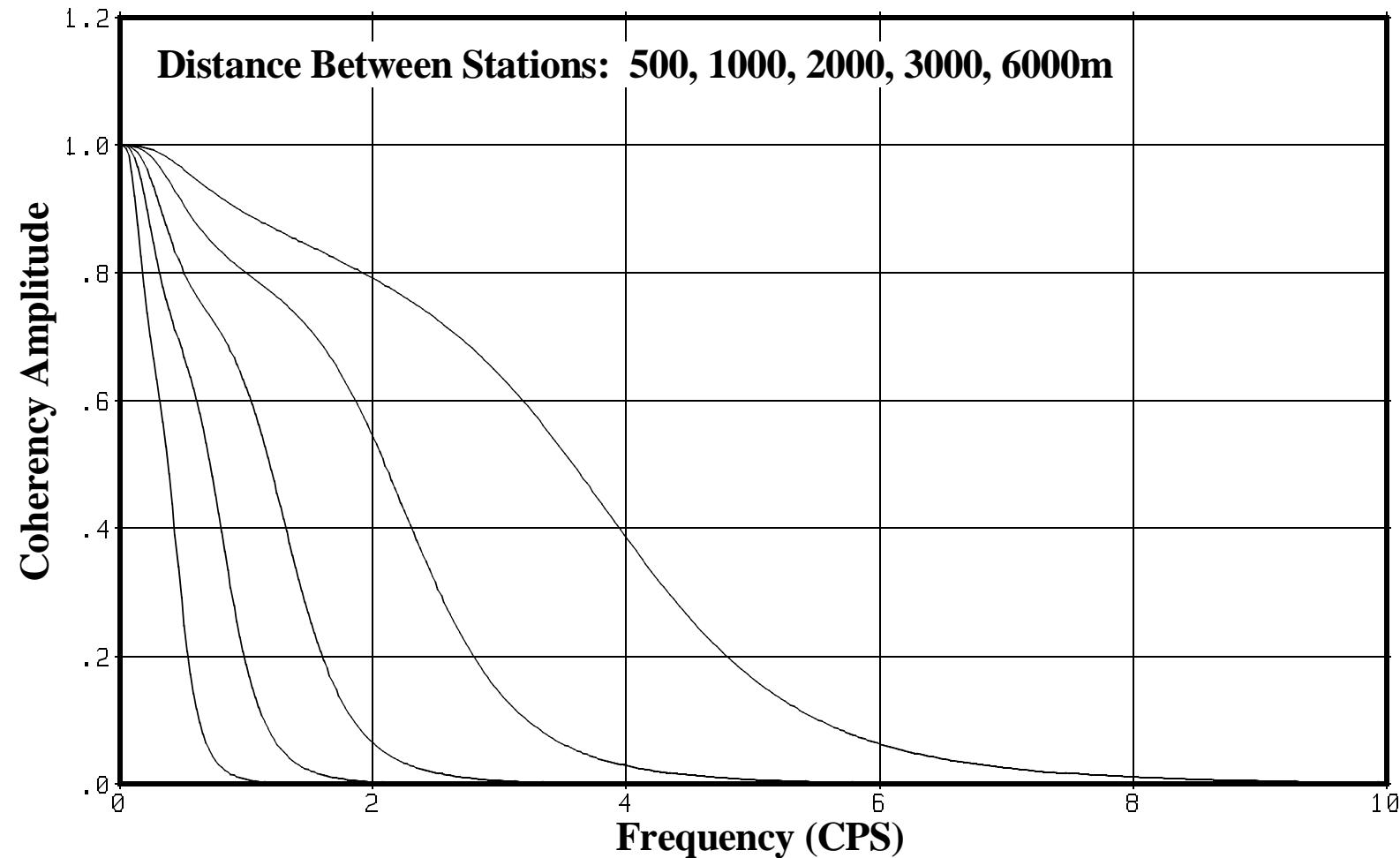
Minor Principal Component



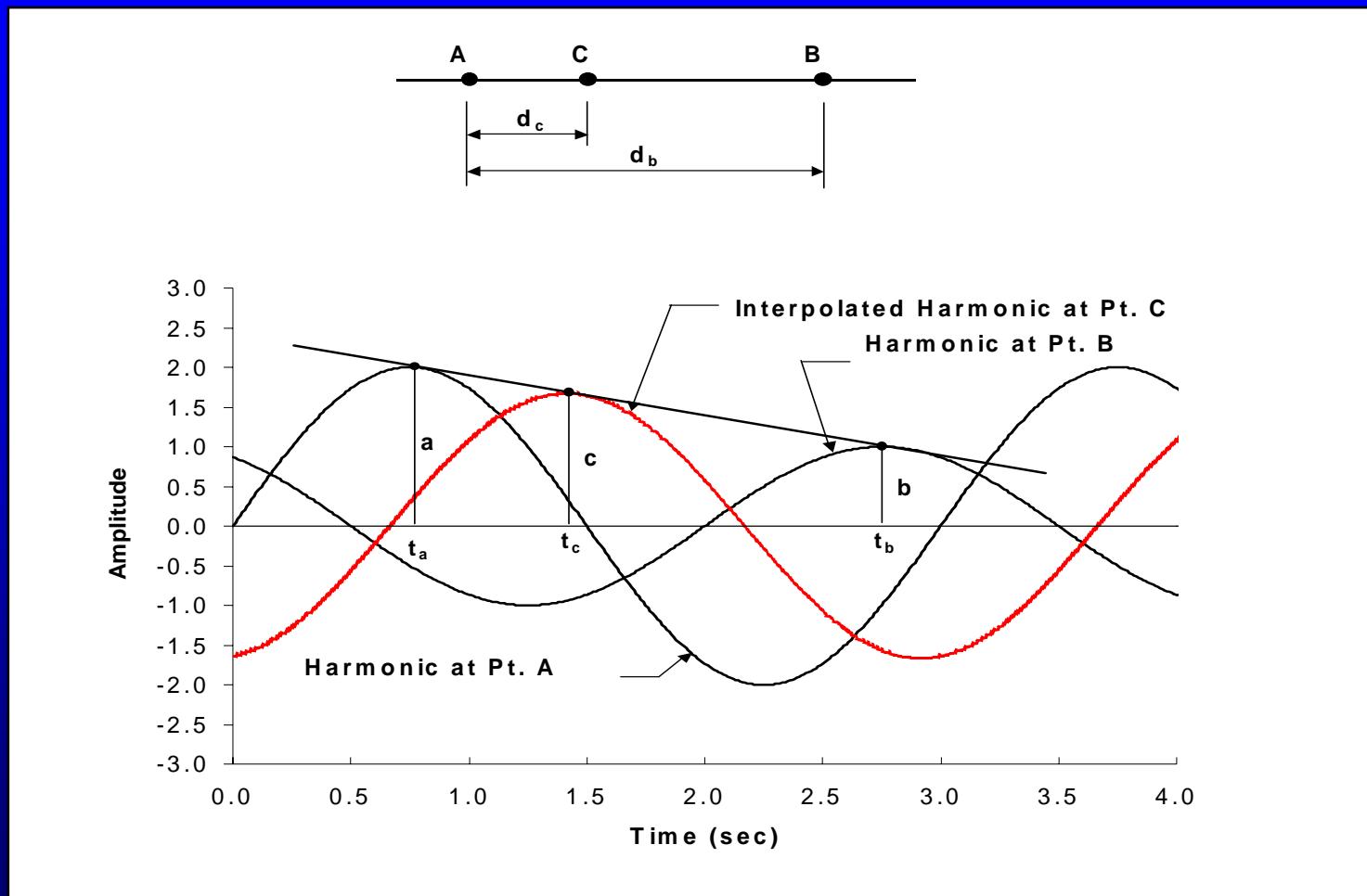
MULTIPLE-SUPPORT DESIGN TIME HISTORIES OF GROUND MOTION

- Specify SEE UHRS; x, y, z
- Select recorded “rock-outcrop” motions
- Modify to be response-spectrum compatible
- Coherency- and response-spectrum compatible
- Wave Passage ($V_a = 2500$ m/sec)
- Site response analyses
- Frequency-domain interpolation

Coherency Functions for Spatial Variation of Ground Motion



Interpolation in the Frequency Domain



Performance Evaluations

1. Response-Spectrum Demand Analysis

- Linear model
- Rigid boundary input (x, y, z)
- Force reduction factors (R_w , R, Z)
 - Global response
 - Member response
- Equal displacement rule $T = T^*$

Performance Evaluations (Cont'd)

- Global ductility demand (Δ_d)
- Global ductility capacity (Δ_c)
- Demand / capacity ratio
 - Global μ_d/μ_c
 - Local $\varepsilon_d/\varepsilon_c$

Performance Evaluations (Cont'd)

2. Nonlinear Time-History Analyses

- Nonlinear model
- Multiple 3-D boundary time-history inputs
- Use time histories with velocity pulses,
D 10 km
- Time-history responses
- Local maximum ductility demands (strains)
- Performance assessment

Future Improvements

- **Ground-Motion Characteristics**
 - Seismic Sources
 - Energy Release Mech.
 - Directivity Effects
 - Energy Transmission
 - Attenuation Relations
 - Recurrence Rates
 - Spatial Variations
 - Local Site Effects

Future Improvements (Cont'd)

- **Dual Strategy of Seismic Design**
 - FEE Mean Return Period
 - SEE Mean Return Period
 - Cost-Benefit Analysis
- **Modeling and Analysis**
 - Demand
 - Capacity

Future Improvements (Cont'd)

- **Laboratory Tests**
 - Quasi-static
 - Dynamic
- **Field Tests**
 - Recording Response
 - Correlation Studies
- **Code Changes**
 - Performance Focused
 - Deformation Based

Aesthetics

- **Public Involvement**
- **Role of the Architect**

Golden Gate Bridge



Original Design Concept



Final Design



Golden Gate Bridge

